Economics 5243

Instructor Lee Adkins

Phone 744-8637

Office 303 BUS

Hours Wednesday 8:30-11:30 and by appointment

E-mail LADKINS@okstate.edu

WWW http://spears.okstate.edu/~ladkins

1 Purpose

The objective of this course is for you to become knowledgeable users of the linear regression model. The topics include the estimation and specification of the linear regression model, imposition and testing of exact linear parameter restrictions, confidence intervals, estimation of nonlinear models, and an introduction to generalized least squares.

In order to become functionally literate in applied econometrics, it is also necessary for you to learn some of the basics of econometric theory. The basic tools of econometric theory will help to slow the rate of depreciation of your hard-earned econometric human capital. It is well worth your time to learn these tools now, especially if you intend to do any empirical work in the future.

2 Textbooks

Required

Russell Davidson and James MacKinnon, *Econometric Theory and Methods*, Oxford, 2004.

Most of our lectures and class assignments will come from Davidson and MacK-innon's book. I intend to follow it very carefully. The major shortcoming of this book is that it doesn't contain many empirical examples. Also, it can be

rather terse at times and you may need to supplement your reading in ETM with Verbeek; the two are highly complementary. Many will find Verbeek to be a little more accessible. He includes many empirical examples that may illuminate what you see in ETM.

Also, you may consider Wooldridge's *Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach*, which is a nice upper level undergraduate book, when trying to fill in the gaps. It also has a number of very good data sets and empirical examples that we may use from time to time. The data sets and empirical examples from the book are available through links on our class website.

You can also check out the last two chapters in Stock and Watson's book listed below for very nice summaries of the linear model and general linear model. I'm using this book in the other econometrics class I am teaching this fall; it will be available for a while at the OSU bookstore.

Recommended

Marno Verbeek, A Guide to Modern Econometrics, Second edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2004.

Jeffrey Wooldridge, Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, 2nd edition, Southwestern, 2003.

Kennedy, Peter, A Guide to Econometrics 5th edition, MIT Press.

Other Sources

James Stock and Mark Watson, *Introduction to Econometrics*, Addison Wesley, 2004.

Fomby, Hill, and Johnson, *Advanced Econometric Methods*, Springer Verlag, 1984. Second Printing, 1988.

Jan Kmenta, The Elements of Econometrics.

Judge et al., The Theory and Practice of Econometrics, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 1985. (a.k.a., "Big Judge.")

Schmidt, Peter, Econometrics, Marcel Dekker, 1976.

3 Prerequisites

This course requires you to work with probability, statistics, calculus, matrix algebra, and to write computer programs (as well as learn econometrics). If

you have any doubts about whether your experience is sufficient, please talk to me about it. At a minimum, I assume that you know the basics of differential calculus, matrix algebra, probability theory, and how to use a Windows based microcomputer. If you have any doubts about whether your experience is sufficient, please talk to me about it.

4 Course Outline

- 1 Regression Models
 - 1.1 Introduction
 - 1.2 Distributions, Densities, and Moments
 - 1.3 The Specification of Regression Models
 - 1.4 Matrix Algebra
 - 1.5 Method-of-Moments Estimation
- 2 The Geometry of Linear Regression
 - 2.1 The Geometry of Vector Spaces
 - 2.2 The Geometry of OLS Estimation
 - 2.3 The Frisch-Waugh-Lovell Theorem
 - 2.4 Applications of the FWL Theorem
 - 2.5 Influential Observations and Leverage
- 3 The Statistical Properties of Ordinary Least Squares
 - 3.1 Are OLS Parameter Estimators Unbiased?
 - 3.2 Are OLS Parameter Estimators Consistent?
 - 3.3 The Covariance Matrix of the OLS Parameter Estimates
 - 3.4 Efficiency of the OLS Estimator
 - 3.5 Residuals and Error Terms
 - 3.6 Misspecification of Linear Regression Models
 - 3.7 Measures of Goodness of Fit
- 4 Hypothesis Testing in Linear Regression Models
 - 4.1 Basic Ideas
 - 4.2 Some Common Distributions
 - 4.3 Exact Tests in the Classical Normal Linear Model
 - 4.4 Large-Sample Tests in Linear Regression Models
 - 4.5 Simulation-Based Tests

- 4.6 The Power of Hypothesis Tests
- 5 Confidence Intervals
 - 5.1 Exact and Asymptotic Confidence Intervals
 - 5.2 Bootstrap Confidence Intervals
 - 5.3 Confidence Regions
 - 5.4 Heteroskedasticity-Consistent Covariance Matrices
 - 5.5 The Delta Method
- 6 Nonlinear Regression
 - 6.1 Method-of-Moments Estimators for Nonlinear Models
 - 6.2 Nonlinear Least Squares
 - 6.3 Computing NLS Estimates
 - 6.4 The Gauss-Newton Regression
 - 6.5 One-Step Estimation
 - 6.6 Hypothesis Testing
 - 6.7 Heteroskedasticity-Robust Tests
- 7 Generalized Least Squares and Related Topics
 - 7.1 The GLS Estimator
 - 7.2 Computing GLS Estimates
 - 7.3 Feasible Generalized Least Squares
 - 7.4 Heteroskedasticity
 - 7.5 Autoregressive and Moving-Average Processes
 - 7.6 Testing for Serial Correlation
 - 7.7 Estimating Models with Autoregressive Errors
 - 7.8 Specification Testing and Serial Correlation
 - 7.9 Models for Panel Data
- 8 Chapter 8 IV Estimation (time permitting)
 - 8.1 Correlation Between Error Terms and Regressors
 - 8.2 Instrumental Variables Estimation
 - 8.3 Finite-Sample Properties of IV Estimators
 - 8.4 Hypothesis Testing
 - 8.5 Testing Overidentifying Restrictions
 - 8.6 Durbin-Wu-Hausman Tests
 - 8.7 Bootstrap Tests
 - 8.8 IV Estimation of Nonlinear Models

5 Computer Assignments

Early in the course you will begin to use the computer to do portions of your homework. You will be responsible for learning to use the SAS software that is available in the CBA lab and elsewhere on campus. You *may be able* to purchase a 1 year license through your home departments for a nominal fee. ¹ There are plenty of computers hosting SAS on campus and you should have no trouble getting your work done in a timely manner.

6 Grades

Your grade in this class will be based on your performance on 3 exams and on homework assignments.

Grade Weights	
Exam 1	27%
Exam 2	27%
Exam 3	27%
Homework	19%

Grades will be assigned according to the following scale:

\mathbf{Grades}	
90% – 100%	A
76% – 90%	В
60% - 75%	\mathbf{C}
50% – 60%	D
< 50%	F

All exams must be taken at the designated time. No make up exams will be given. If you miss an exam you will receive a grade of zero.

Unless you are specifically told otherwise by me, all homework must be turned in at the beginning of the class period on the date that it is due. Homework will not be accepted if late.

 $^{^{1}}$ I emphasize the word may, here. Rules that govern this option change every year and, even when it is available, some departments are unwilling to purchase the license on your behalf. In the past, purchases can only be by your department. I do not get involved in this process.

7 Attendance

Regular attendance is expected. You are responsible for any material you miss because of absence. In general, I do not permit students to copy my notes. If you miss class and need a copy of the notes, please obtain them from one of your classmates.

8 Cheating Policy

Cheating will not be tolerated. Any violation of the University's academic dishonesty policy will be prosecuted according to University regulations. You will receive a grade of 0 on any test or assignment you are caught cheating on. In addition, you are responsible for the security of your work (in other words, if someone copies your work, you will also receive a zero on the test or assignment).